

Financial Markets Review







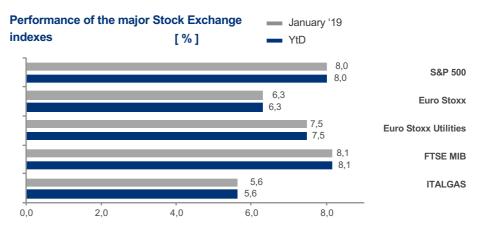
Global equity market recovering at a fast pace with a more flexible FED approach and resumption of USA/China trade talks. Core yields still contracting, reflecting accommodating monetary policies and weak macro data

The financial markets

The global equity market fully recovered in January following a heavy decline in December. Even though the macro data were generally confirmed beneath expectations, particular reference to Chinese export/import, the increased downturn in Eurozone industrial production for almost 3 years and the US manufacturing ISM at 2-year lows, the rally basically reflected: 1) an altered and more flexible FED approach as it declared itself willing to change the general lines of the monetary policy to hold the performance of the financial markets more in consideration, and confirmed rumours on a possible early interruption of the plan to reduce the budget; 2) resumption and positive developments in the USA/China trade negotiations; 3) hike in oil prices owing to closer compliance by OPEC+ after the heavy drops of the previous 2 months mainly caused by US exemptions to Iranian output sanctions. Euro Stoxx +6% vs S&P 500 and FTSE Mib +8%. Core yields fell despite the strong recovery in the equity market, reflecting the altered and more flexible FED approach, the cautious outlook of the ECB that cited

The oil market

Brent up considerably (+15%) after having dropped to 15-month lows in December. The pattern reflected: 1) general recovery of the stock markets; 2) the US's levying of sanctions on the Venezuelan national oil company PDVsa in an attempt to speed up



Source: Italgas processing of Bloomberg data

greater risks moving downward for the Eurozone due to protectionist policies and volatility in the emerging markets, and mentioned macro data generally below expectations. UST -5 bps, whereas with the net benchmark maturity change the Bund yield closed down by 15 bps (minimum levels for over 2 years) due to the cited Eurozone macro data. Based on the heavy drop recorded in December (-40 bps), the BTP-Bund spread did not benefit from the risk-on phase with accommodating

approach of the central banks, and with the net German maturity change it closed unaltered. EUR/USD changed little (-0.2%), with mitigated FED approach on rates trend and early interruptioin of the plan to reduce the budget offset by a more cautious ECB outlook. EUR/GBP -2.9% in spite of the Brexit agreement being rejected by the UK Parliament, reflecting PM May's reconfirmation and consequent possibilities to extend the Brexit deadline.

the solution to the country's domestic political crisis; heavier production drop announced by OPEC in the last 2 years, with the cartel that has already reached 80% of the cuts defined in the more extensive OPEC+ meeting in December (overall reduction of output

amounting to 1.2 mbd); 4) statements made by Russia on acceleration of production cuts based on the OPEC+ agreements after the country had announced in December that it was expecting a new historic production record





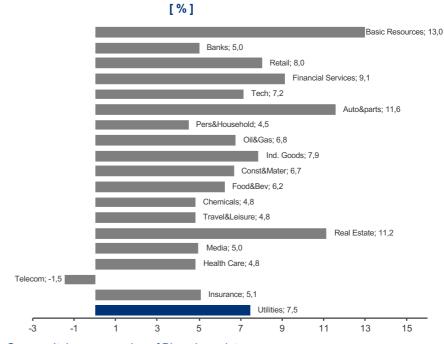
Trend of the sectors



General rallies in the sectors. Basic resources and automotive best performers backed by cyclical profile vs. telecoms penalised by a slowdown in M&A activity

Trend of the main sectors, January 2019





Source: Italgas processing of Bloomberg data



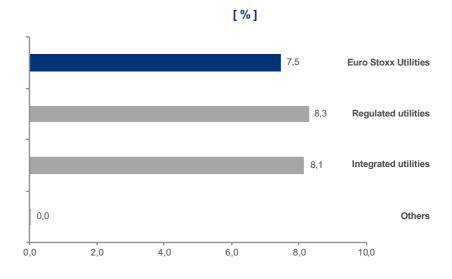
Utilities +7% supported by further contraction of core yields and German operators



Trend of the Utilities sector

The utilities sector enjoyed a 7% hike without the risk-on phase having generated underperformance compared to the general Substantial alignment regulated and integrated securities, with the benefiting from the additional contraction of the core yields, while the latter were primarily supported by the German integrated operators (RWE +14%, EON +12%) expectations of higher monetary compensations upon advance closing of the coal-fired power plants. The water environmental sector continues underperform, with Suez and Veolia having been downgraded by several brokers to the expectations of an economic slowdown.

January 2019 - Trend of the sector and sub-sectors



Source: Italgas processing of Bloomberg data



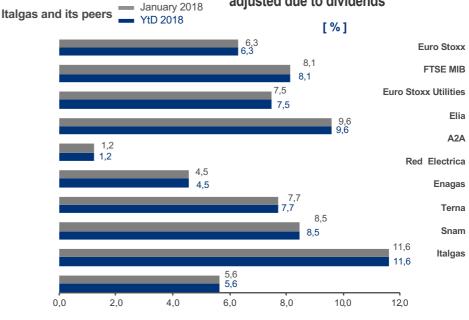


The Italgas share and its peers

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Italgas (+6%) is updating its maximum price levels with series of prices adjusted due to dividends

Italgas went up approximately 6% after updating its maximum price levels with a series of prices adjusted due to detachment of dividends. The share underperformed its Italian regulated peers, probably due to reabsorption of the outperformance achieved in December and its downgrading by several brokers driven by TP attainment. Snam was best performer after being upgraded by some brokers based on valuation grounds and a partial recovery following its recent underperformance. Worst penalised reorganisation hydroelectric concessions, with the relevant fee increased, and a drop in electricity prices owing to the decline in gas and CO2 prices.



Source: Italgas processing of Bloomberg data



Agenda Corporate events

22 February BoD Q4/FY results, press release and conference call



Corporate News

There are no price-sensitive Corporate News this month

