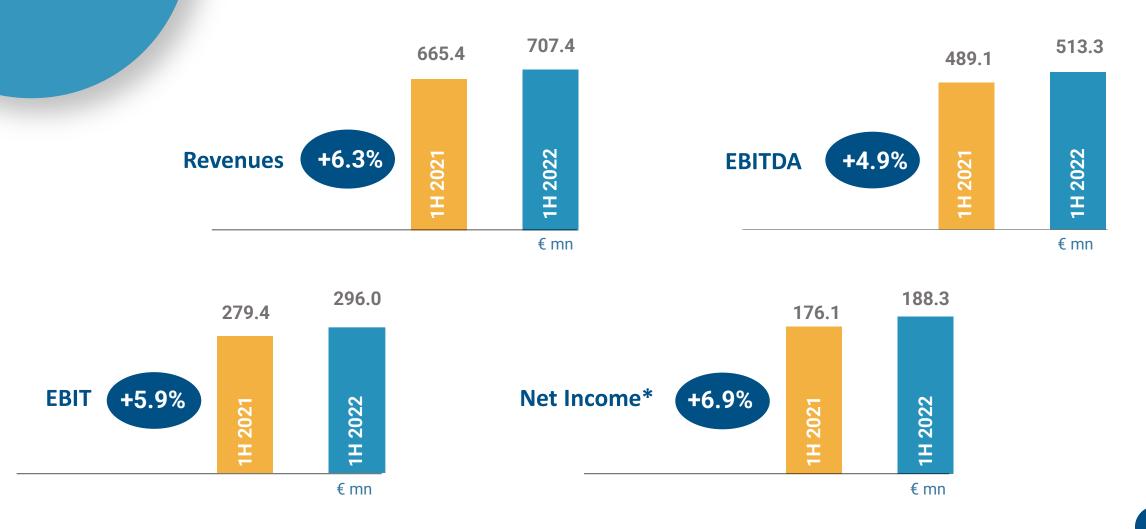






1H results on track with guidance, led by RAB growth, ESCOs and efficiencies, despite negative impact of WACC and Resolution 570 (€31.4mn)









Capex re-allocation as planned, resulting in yoy reduction

Cashflow generation reflects some temporary effects

Net Debt increase, led by DPS payment in May





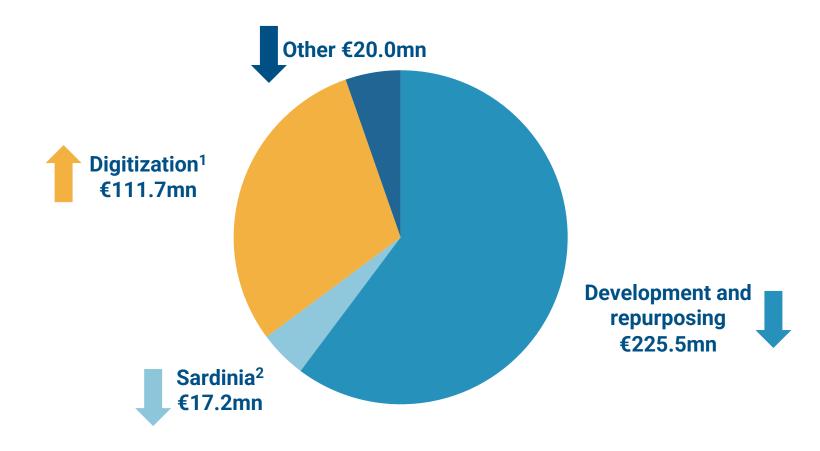






Additional 11 new small scale LNG storage and regasification plants installed in Sardinia³

275k smart meters installed4









- 47,667 km inspected (+35.4%)

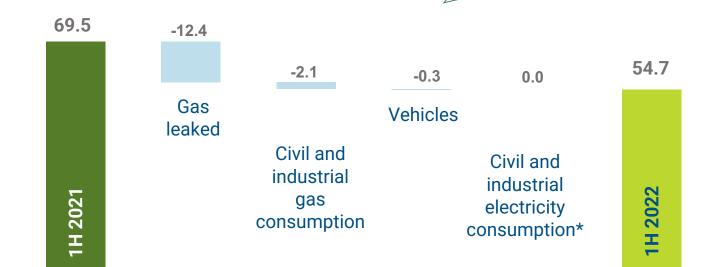
Scope I and II

10³ tCO² eq

GHG emissions

- Gas leaked / km surveyed: 49.02 smc/km (-43.7%)
- Gas leaked / gas distributed: 0.047% (-22%)

- Emissions trend (-9.1%) reflects less km travelled
- Operative bi-fuel fleet: 92% CNG fuelled

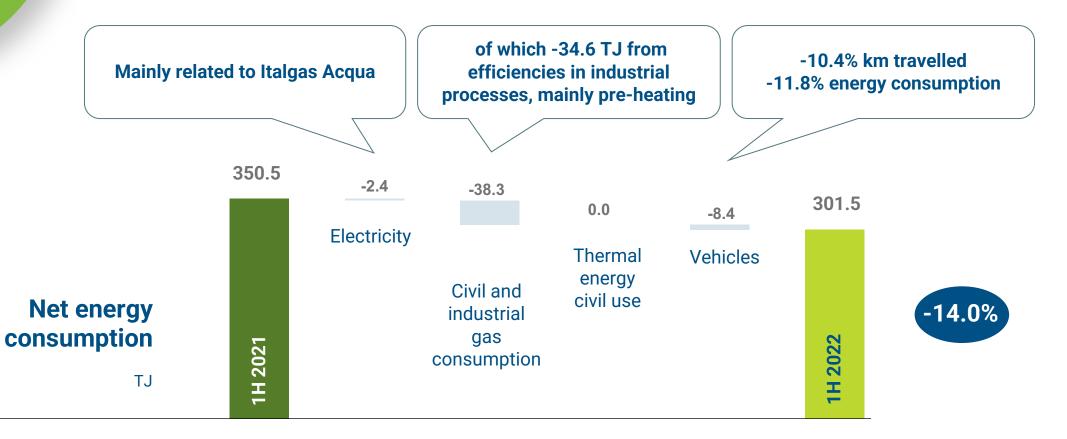


-21.3%











1H 2021 adjusted*

1H 2022

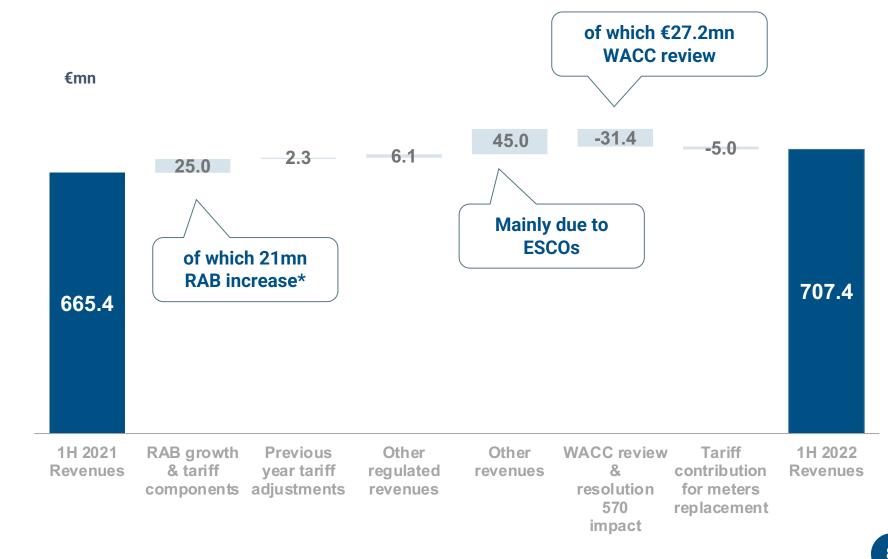
Change

P&L, € mln

Total Revenues	665.4	707.4	42.0	
Operating expenses	- 176.3	- 194.1	- 17.8	
EBITDA	489.1	513.3	24.2	↑ + 4.9%
Depreciation & amortisation	- 209.7	- 217.3	- 7.6	
EBIT	279.4	296.0	16.6	↑ + 5.9%
Net interest income (expenses)	- 25.4	- 26.3	- 0.9	
Net income from associates	1.1	3.2	2.1	
EBT	255.1	272.9	17.8	
Income taxes	- 70.2	- 75.1	- 4.9	
NET PROFIT before minorities	184.9	197.8	12.9	
Minorities	- 8.8	- 9.5	- 0.7	
NET PROFIT after minorities	176.1	188.3	12.2	↑ + 6.9%



Revenues +6.3% vs 1H 2021





1H 2021 1H 2022 Change

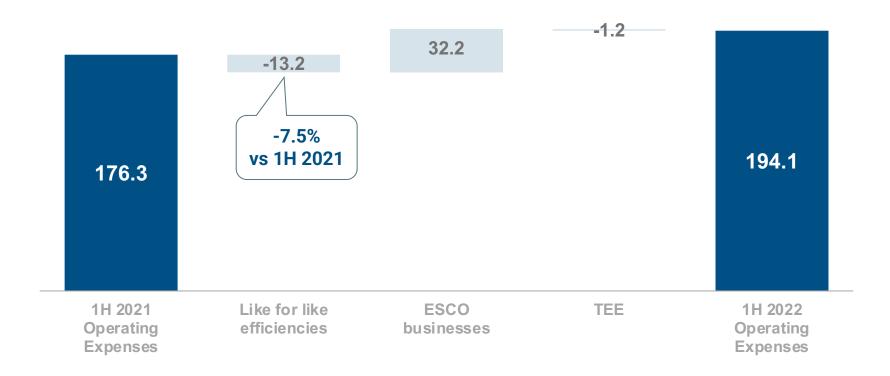
REVENUES, € mln

Regulated revenues	642.2	639.2	- 3.0
Distribution	595.5	591.4	- 4.1
Tariff contribution for meters replacement	6.1	1.1	- 5.0
Other distribution revenues	40.6	46.7	6.1
Other revenues	23.2	68.2	45.0
TOTAL REVENUES	665.4	707.4	42.0



Operating expenses +10.1% vs 1H 2021







1H 2021 1H 2022 Change

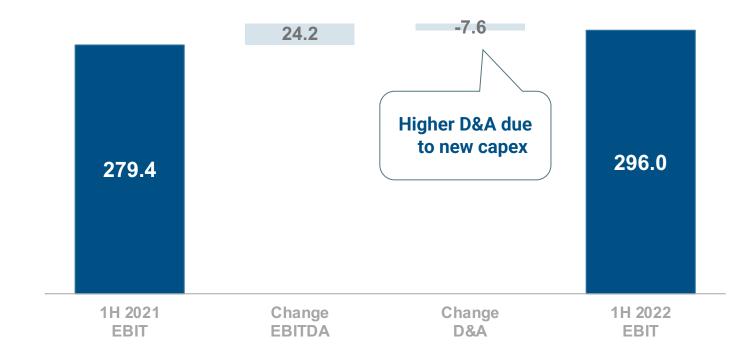
OPERATING EXPENSES, € mln

Distribution fixed costs	119.9	108.4	- 11.5
Net labour cost	67.7	66.7	- 1.0
Net external cost	52.2	41.7	- 10.5
Other activities	17.5	51.7	34.2
Net labour cost	2.5	3.4	0.9
Net external cost	15.0	48.3	33.3
Other costs	1.2	- 2.2	- 3.4
Tee	3.0	1.8	- 1.2
Concessions fees	34.7	34.4	- 0.3
OPERATING EXPENSES	176.3	194.1	17.8



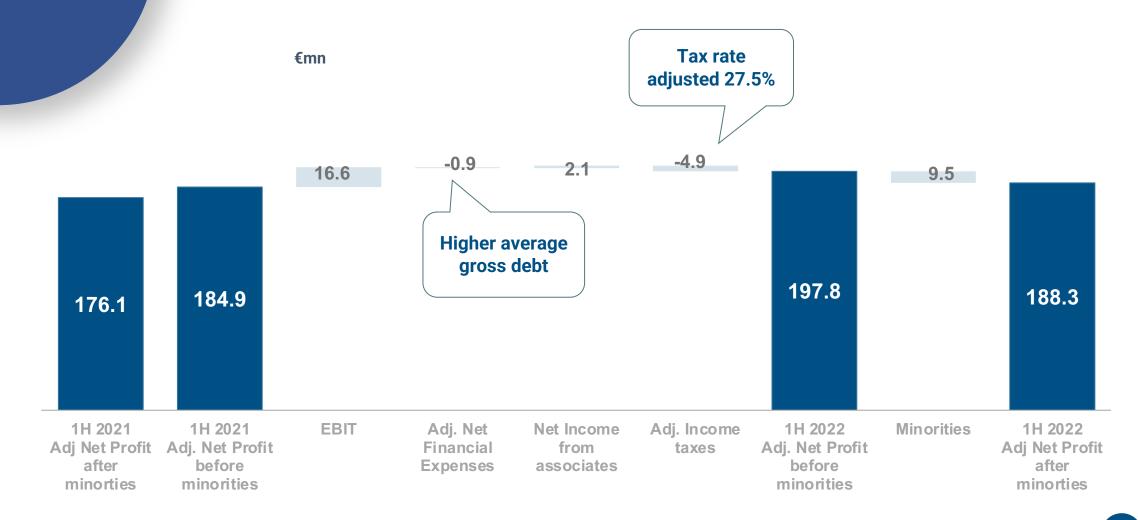
Ebit +5.9% vs 1H 2021

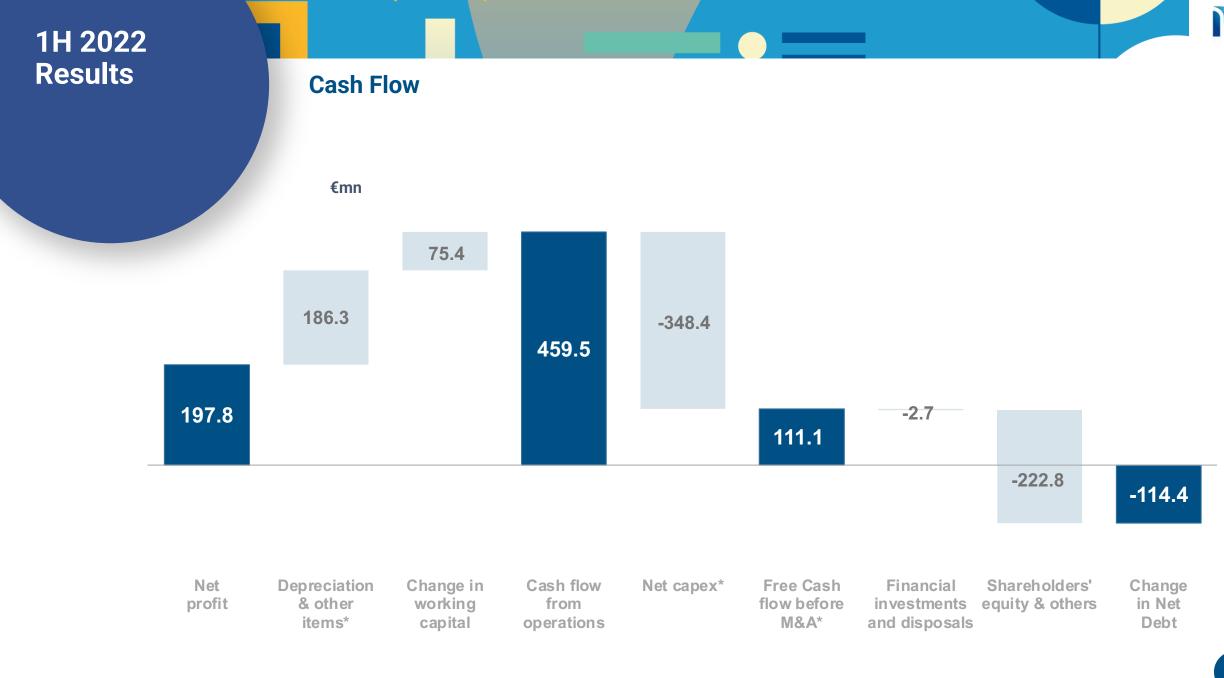
€mn





Adjusted Net Profit +6.9% vs 1H 2021





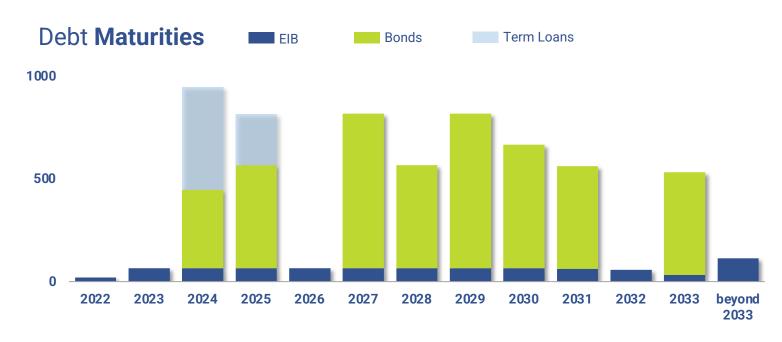


No major refinancing needs until 2024

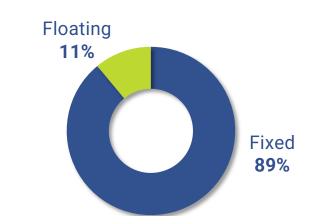
Liquidity currently >1.3bn to cover short term outflows and to keep an adequate buffer going forward

Average cost of debt <1% in H1 2022

New sustainable bank loan signed



30/06/2022 Gross Debt Structure¹







31/12/21 30/06/22 Change

· mln			
Net invested capital	7,122.5	7,215.7	93.2
Fixed capital	7,106.2	7,004.8	- 101.4
Tangible fixed assets	372.1	366.1	- 6.0
Net intangible fixed assets	6,938.1	6,846.0	- 92.1
Net payables investments	- 241.9	- 253.0	- 11.1
Equity-accounted and other investments	37.9	45.7	7.8
Net working capital	109.7	60.8	- 48.9
Provisions for employee benefits	- 95.6	- 85.0	10.6
Assets held for sale and directly related liabilities	2.2	235.1	232.9
Net financial debt	4,980.0	5,094.4	114.4
Financial debt for operating leases (IFRS 16)	70.0	61.0	- 9.0
Net financial debt ex operating leases	4,910.0	5,033.4	123.4
Shareholders' equity	2,142.5	2,121.3	- 21.2





Working on the implementation of the Strategic Plan 2022-2028

1H performance well on track with guidance

Strong top line growth led by RAB increase and ESCOs despite negative regulatory impacts

Cost efficiencies continue, driven by digitization

Closing of Depa Infrastructure transaction approaching









P&L, € mln

Total Revenues	332.1	353.4	21.3
Operating expenses	- 77.4	- 90.1	- 12.7
EBITDA	254.7	263.3	8.6
Depreciation & amortisation	- 105.2	- 109.2	- 4.0
EBIT	149.5	154.1	4.6
Net interest income (expenses)	- 11.8	- 12.3	- 0.5
Net income from associates	0.5	2.9	2.4
EBT	138.2	144.7	6.5
Income taxes	- 39.2	- 40.6	- 1.4
NET PROFIT before minorities	99.0	104.1	5.1
Minorities	- 4.1	- 4.7	- 0.6
NET PROFIT after minorities	94.9	99.4	4.5



1Q 2022 2Q 2022 3Q 2022 4Q 2022

P&L, € mln

- 104.0 250.0 - 108.1	- 90.1 263.3	***************************************	
	263.3	***************************************	*****************
- 108 1			
. 00. 1	- 109.2		
141.9	154.1	~~~~~~~~~~~	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
- 14.0	- 12.3		
0.3	2.9		
128.2	144.7		
- 34.5	- 40.6		
93.7	104.1		
- 4.8	- 4.7	***************************************	
88.9	99.4		
	- 14.0 0.3 128.2 - 34.5 93.7 - 4.8	-14.0 -12.3 0.3 2.9 128.2 144.7 -34.5 -40.6 93.7 104.1 -4.8 -4.7	-14.0 -12.3 0.3 2.9 128.2 144.7 -34.5 -40.6 93.7 104.1 -4.8 -4.7







WACC

trigger



Key features of Italian regulation

WACC trigger

- RAB-based framework set and regulated by ARERA
- Tariffs ensure return on assets.
- No volume risks, temporary tariffs mismatch impact working capital

WACC

reset

- Different regulatory period for WACC and other tariff components
- Majority of capex recognized at cost
- 5.6% real allowed return for 2022, trigger mechanism for 2023-24 and rest in 2025 with pre-established rules
- Inflation protection





Key features

Unitary tariffs are **set for the regulatory period** for each distribution area: Achieved revenues reflect return on asset base.

Working capital temporarily impacted by volumes fluctuations.

REQUIRED REVENUES =

RAB X Reg. WACC

RAB includes capex spent in the previous year

RAB inflated

Rel pre-tax allowed return applied (5.6% in 2022)

+ DEPRECIATION

Calculated on assets entering into RAB

Reflects inflation

Useful lives set by ARERA

Unitary opex set by ARERA at the beginning of the regulatory period

+ OPEX

Efficiency factor of 2.8%

Opex inflated annually







Transparent regulatory framework

with numerous similarities to the Italian system Long concession duration

allowing to implement Italgas' long-term strategic vision Downside protection

through compensation mechanism for under-recoveries

Key features of Greek regulation

- RAB-based framework regulated by the Regulatory Authority for Energy
- Tariffs reflect business plans presented by the company, including investments agreed with RAE
- Regulatory periods last 4 years
- 7.03% nominal return in 2021-22E, with an implied tax rate of 24%
- 1.5% additional return for investments meeting certain criteria
- Mechanism in place to compensate of any under / over recovery of required revenues





Key features

Unitary tariffs are **set for the regulatory period** for each distribution area:

- Based on the approved business plans and allowed returns, and inflated annually: the DSO is entitled to collect (required) revenues based on all investments and operational costs
- Taking into consideration estimated growth in redelivery points and volumes distributed

Achieved revenues are based on actual bills collection but there is a **recoverable difference mechanism** in place

REQUIRED REVENUES =

RAB X Reg. WACC

+ DEPRECIATION

+ OPEX

- ADDITIONAL REVENUES

± RECOVERABLE DIFFERENCE

¹ Actual revenues are the revenues collected by the company based on the application of the distribution tariffs to the redelivery points served

RAB includes capex planned in the year

RAB is not inflated

Regulated return set at 7.03% in nominal terms for 2021-22E

Calculated on fixed assets

Estimated through the regulatory period

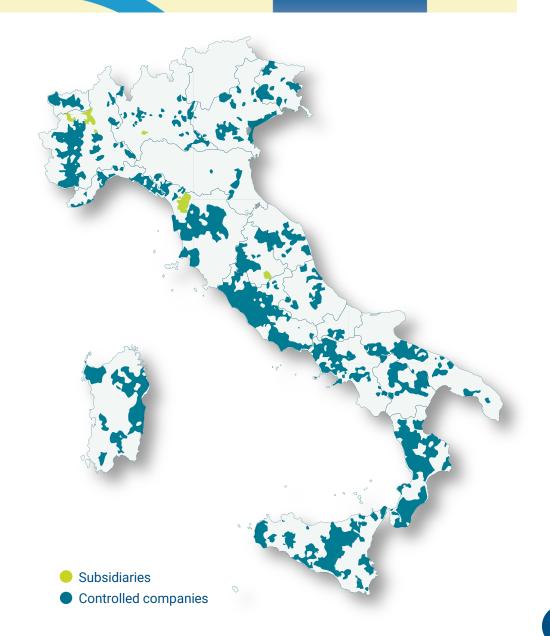
Opportunity of outperformance: no adjustments ex-post in case of outperformance

Planned revenues related to services to other companies or non-regulated services Based on the difference between required revenues and actual revenues¹ in the previous regulatory period





	OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS (TOTAL)	OF WHICH AFFILIATES
Network length	74,788 km	1,899 km
Municipalities	1,899	61
Redelivery Points	7.745 mn	0.154 mn



DISCLAIMER



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