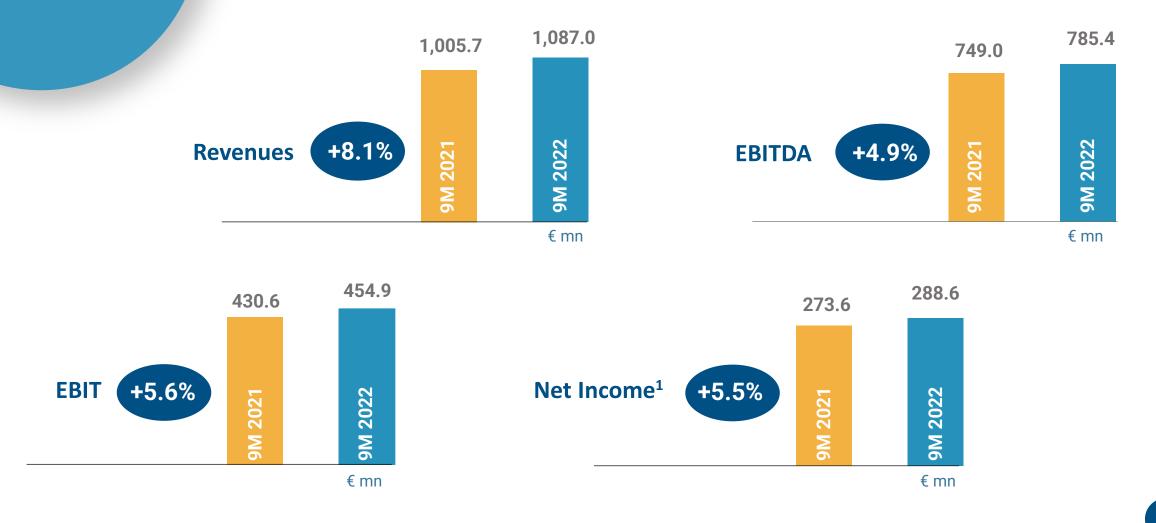






First time consolidation of DEPA Infrastructure (month of September) Italian operations 9M results well on track with guidance



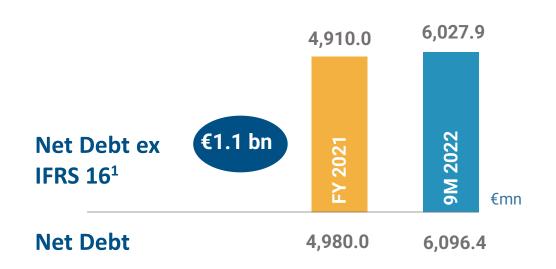






Cashflow generation reflects regulatory measures to support natural gas end users (temporary)

Net Debt increase, led mainly by DEPA Infrastructure acquisition







With Greece, Italgas network exceeds 82,000 kilometres

			42	
	OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS (TOTAL)	OF WHICH ITALY (ex affiliates)	OF WHICH GREECE	OF WHICH AFFILIATES
Network length	82,215 km	72,959 km	7,353 km	1,903 km
Municipalities	2,039	1,838	140	61
Active Redelivery Points	8.309 mn	7.584 mn	0.572 mn	0.153 mn





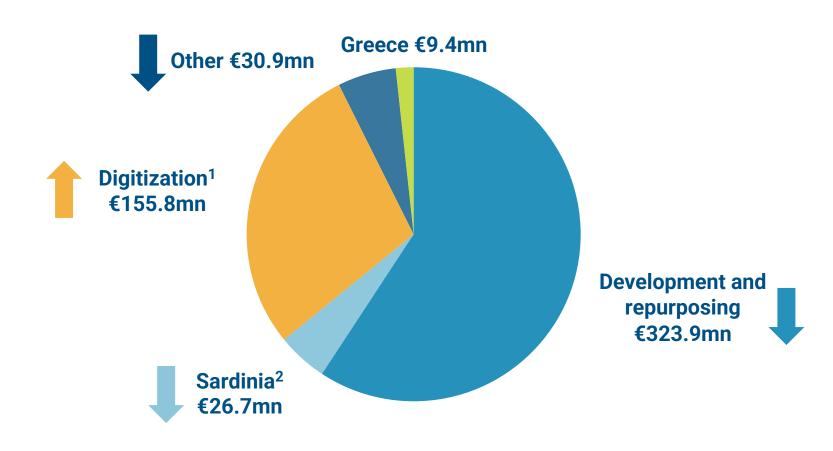
G

First time contribution of Greece

272km new networks pipes

278k smart meters installed³

11 small scale LNG storage and regasification plants installed in Sardinia⁴



9M 2022 **Results ESG GHG** emissions

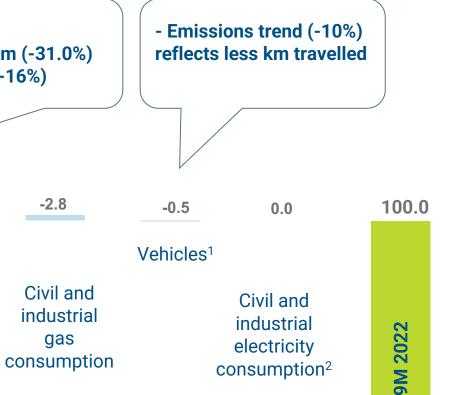




- 66,167 km inspected (+17.8%)
- Gas leaked / km surveyed: 72.5 smc/km (-31.0%)
- Gas leaked / gas distributed: 0.085% (-16%)

122.5

9M 2021



Scope 1 and 2 **GHG** emissions

10³ tCO² eq

-18.4%

-19.2

Gas

leaked

-2.8

Civil and

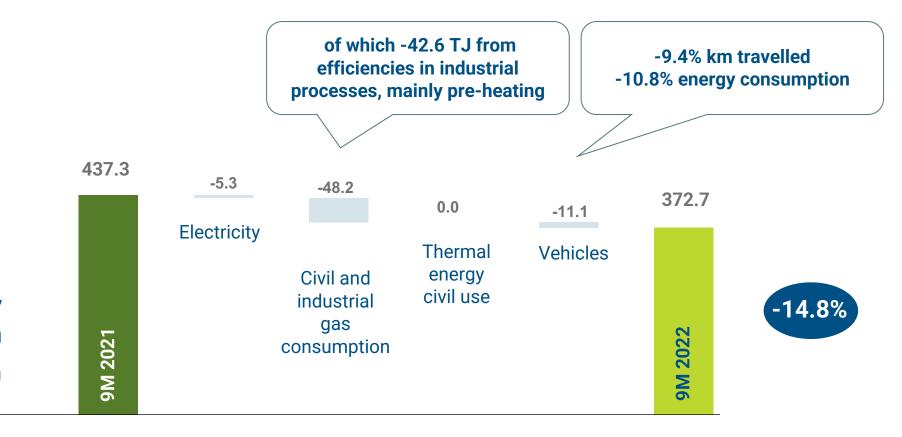
industrial

gas









Net energy consumption

TJ

7



9M 2021 adjusted¹

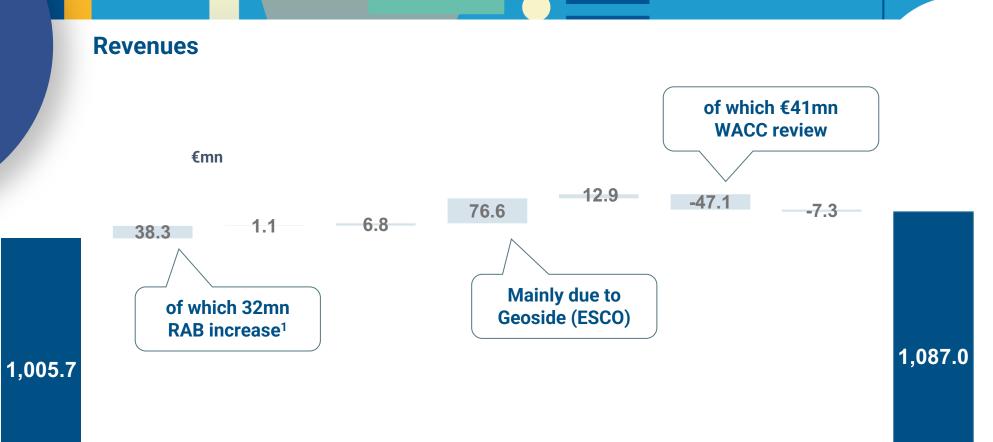
9M 2022

Change

P&L, € mln

Total Revenues	1,005.7	1,087.0	81.3	
Operating expenses	- 256.7	- 301.6	- 44.9	
EBITDA	749.0	785.4	36.4 ↑ <i>+ 4.</i>	9%
Depreciation & amortisation	- 318.4	- 330.5	- 12.1	
EBIT	430.6	454.9	24.3 ↑ + <i>5</i> .	6%
Net interest income (expenses)	- 39.6	- 41.1	- 1.5	
Net income from associates	2.3	3.4	1.1	
EBT	393.3	417.2	23.9	
Income taxes	- 106.3	-112.4	- 6.1	
NET PROFIT before minorities	287.0	304.8	17.8	
Minorities	- 13.4	-16.2	- 2.8	
NET PROFIT after minorities	273.6	288.6	15.0 ↑ + 5.	<i>5</i> %





9M 2021 Revenues	RAB growth & tariff components	Previous year tariff adjustments	Other regulated revenues	Other revenues	DEPA Infrastructure	WACC review & resolution 570	(

9M 2022

Revenues

Tariff

contribution

for meters

replacement

impact



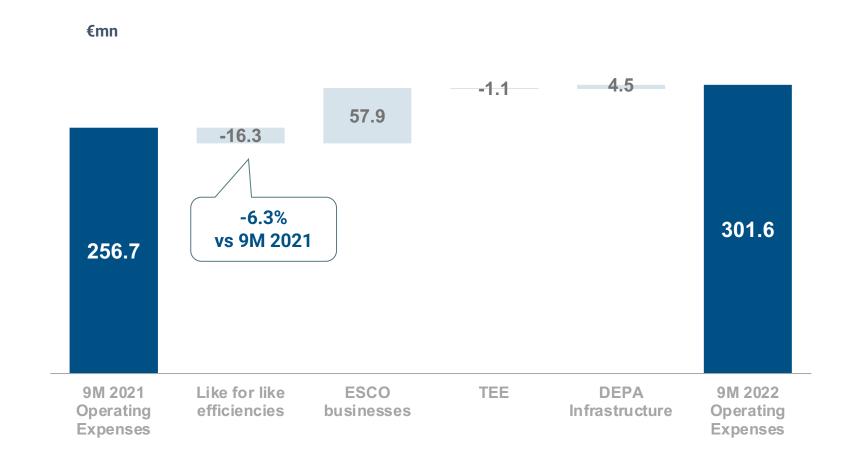
9M 2021 9M 2022 Change

REVENUES, € mln

Regulated revenues	962.8	954.7	- 8.2
Distribution	893.0	885.4	- 7.7
Tariff contribution for meters replacement	8.7	1.4	- 7.3
Other distribution revenues	61.1	67.9	6.8
Other revenues	42.9	119.5	76.6
DEPA Infrastructure ¹	-	12.9	12.9
TOTAL REVENUES	1,005.7	1,087.0	81.3



Operating expenses







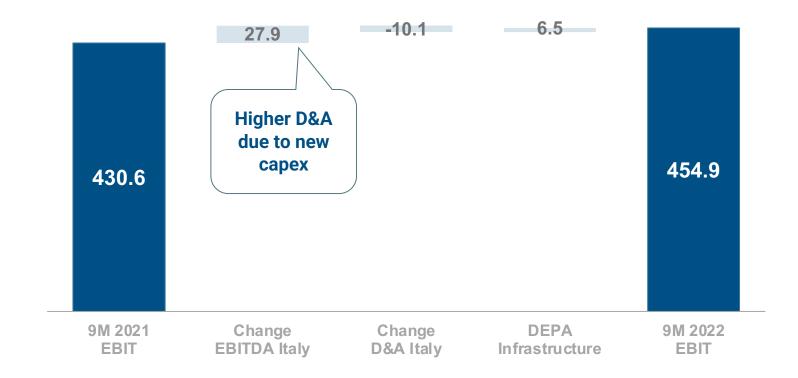
OPERATING EXPENSES, € mln

169.7	157.4	- 12.2
97.8	100.8	3.0
71.9	56.6	- 15.3
29.6	88.5	58.9
3.7	4.8	1.1
25.9	83.7	57.8
2.1	- 1.6	- 3.8
2.9	1.8	- 1.1
52.4	51.0	- 1.4
=	4.5	4.5
256.7	301.6	44.9
	97.8 71.9 29.6 3.7 25.9 2.1 2.9 52.4	97.8 100.8 71.9 56.6 29.6 88.5 3.7 4.8 25.9 83.7 2.1 -1.6 2.9 1.8 52.4 51.0 - 4.5



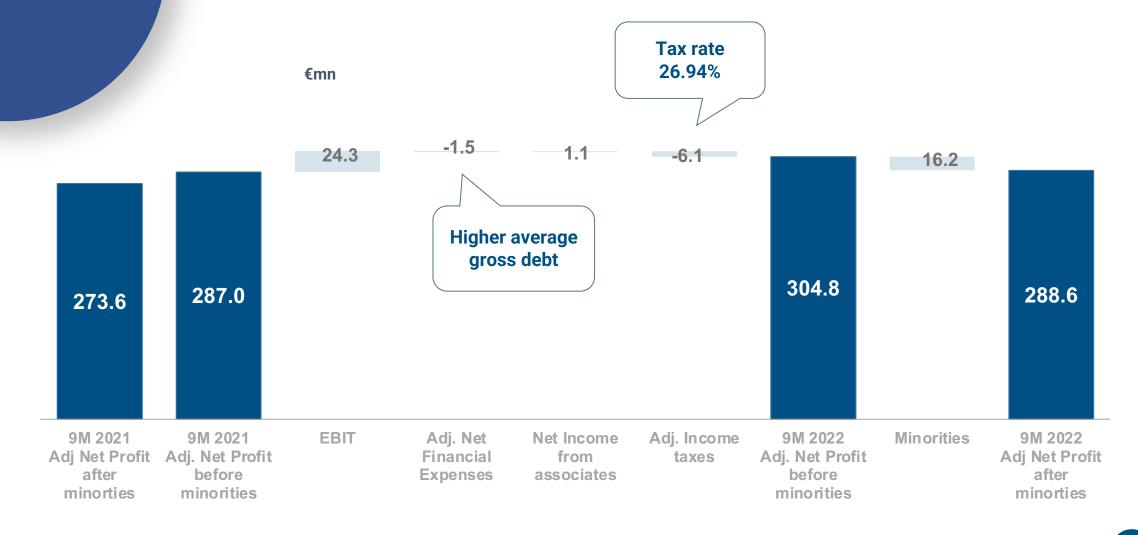
Ebit

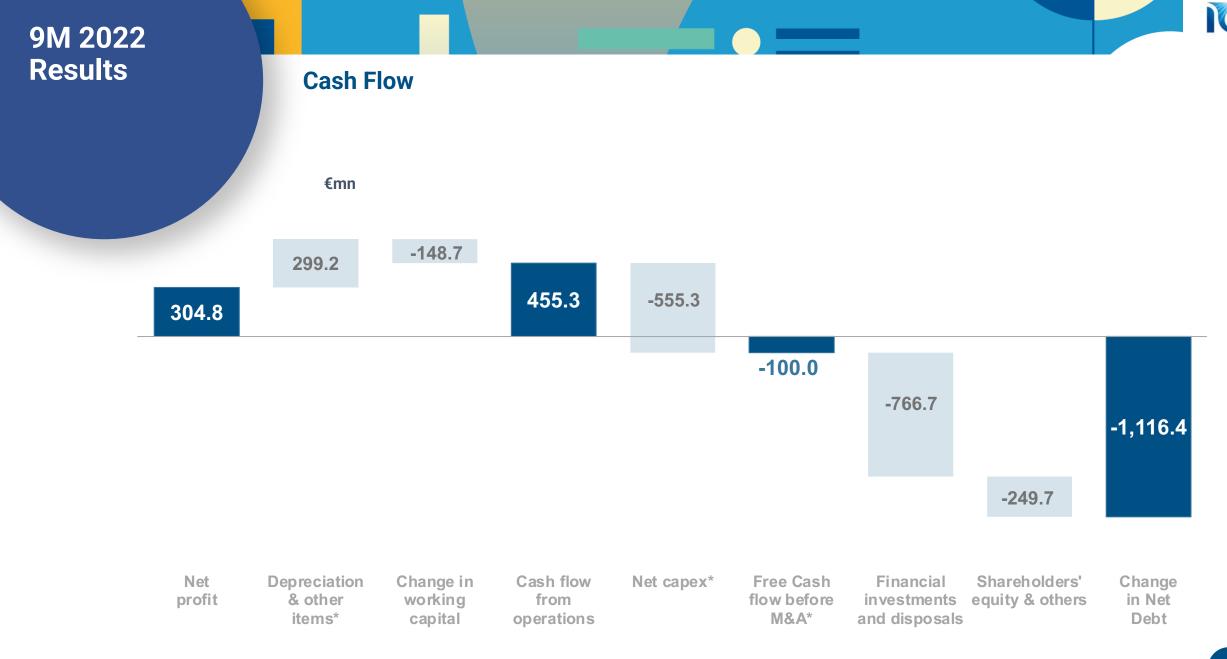
€mn





Adjusted Net Profit







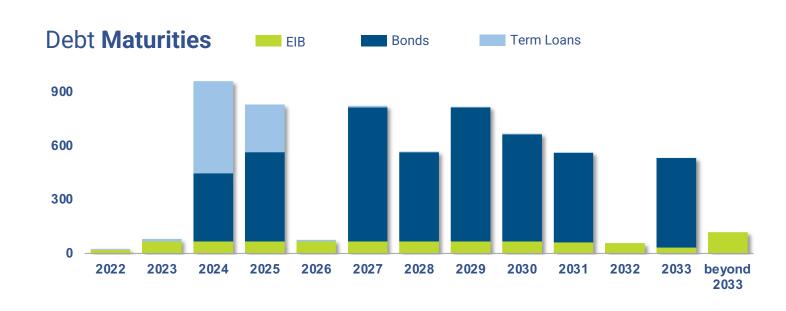
No major refinancing needs until 2024

Liquidity currently >0.35bn to cover short term outflows and to keep an adequate buffer going forward

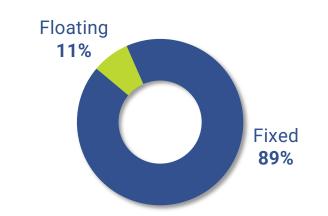
Average cost of debt <1% in 9M 2022

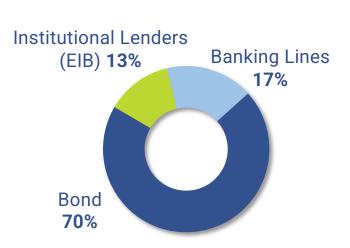
New **EIB and DEPA Infrastructure's credit facilities** signed in 3Q

Moody's confirmed rating, revised outlook on the back of Italy



30/09/2022 Gross Debt Structure¹







31/12/21 30/09/22 Change

€ mln

Net invested capital	7,122.5	8,482.2	1,359.7
Fixed capital	7,106.2	8,068.2	962.0
Tangible fixed assets	372.1	1,144.3	772.2
Net intangible fixed assets	6,938.1	7,102.8	164.7
Net payables investments	- 241.9	- 225.7	16.2
Equity-accounted and other investments	37.9	46.8	8.9
Net working capital	109.7	265.4	155.7
Provisions for employee benefits	- 95.6	- 86.1	9.5
Assets held for sale and directly related liabilities	2.2	234.7	232.5
Net financial debt	4,980.0	6,096.4	1,116.4
Financial debt for operating leases (IFRS 16)	70.0	68.5	- 1.5
Net financial debt ex operating leases	4,910.0	6,027.9	1,117.9
Shareholders' equity	2,142.5	2,385.8	243.3





DEPA Infrastructure now contributing to numbers

In Italy RAB growth and ESCO led top line growth, despite negative impact of regulation

Cost efficiencies continue more than offsetting inflationary pressures

Sustainability performance keeps improving

Well on track with guidance¹







3Q 2021 3Q 2022 Change

P&L, € mln

Total Revenues	340.3	379.8	39.5
Operating expenses	- 80.4	- 107.6	- 27.1
EBITDA	259.9	272.1	12.2
Depreciation & amortisation	- 108.7	- 113.2	- 4.6
EBIT	151.2	158.8	7.6
Net interest income (expenses)	-14.2	- 14.7	- 0.6
Net income from associates	1.2	0.1	- 1.1
EBT	138.2	144.2	6.0
Income taxes	- 36.1	- 37.2	- 1.1
NET PROFIT before minorities	102.1	107.0	4.9
Minorities	- 4.6	- 6.7	- 2.1
NET PROFIT after minorities	97.5	100.3	2.8



1Q 2022 2Q 2022 3Q 2022 4Q 2022

P&L, € mln

Total Revenues	354.0	353.4	379.8
Operating expenses	- 104.0	- 90.1	- 107.6
EBITDA	250.0	263.3	272.1
Depreciation & amortisation	- 108.1	- 109.2	- 113.2
EBIT	141.9	154.1	158.8
Net interest income (expenses)	- 14.0	- 12.4	- 14.7
Net income from associates	0.3	3.0	0.1
EBT	128.2	144.8	144.2
Income taxes	- 34.5	- 40.7	- 37.2
NET PROFIT before minorities	93.7	104.1	107.0
Minorities	- 4.8	- 4.7	- 6.7
NET PROFIT after minorities	88.9	99.4	100.3







WACC

trigger



Key features of Italian regulation

WACC trigger

- RAB-based framework set and regulated by ARERA
- Tariffs ensure return on assets.
- No volume risks, temporary tariffs mismatch impact working capital

WACC

reset

- Different regulatory period for WACC and other tariff components
- Majority of capex recognized at cost
- 5.6% real allowed return for 2022, trigger mechanism for 2023-24 and rest in 2025 with pre-established rules
- Inflation protection





Key features

Unitary tariffs are **set for the regulatory period** for each distribution area: Achieved revenues reflect return on asset base.

Working capital temporarily impacted by volumes fluctuations.

REQUIRED REVENUES =

RAB X Reg. WACC

RAB includes capex spent in the previous year

RAB inflated

Rel pre-tax allowed return applied (5.6% in 2022)

+ DEPRECIATION

Calculated on assets entering into RAB

Reflects inflation

Useful lives set by ARERA

Unitary opex set by ARERA at the beginning of the regulatory period

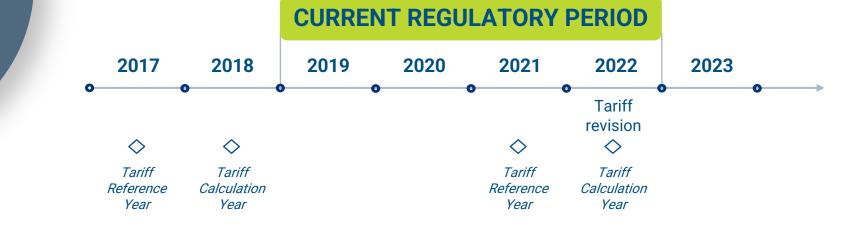
+ OPEX

Efficiency factor of 2.8%

Opex inflated annually







Transparent regulatory framework

with numerous similarities to the Italian system Long concession duration

allowing to implement Italgas' long-term strategic vision

Downside protection

through compensation mechanism for under-recoveries

Key features of Greek regulation

- RAB-based framework regulated by the Regulatory Authority for Energy
- Tariffs reflect business plans presented by the company, including investments agreed with RAE
- Regulatory periods last 4 years
- 7.03% nominal return in 2021-22E, with an implied tax rate of 24%
- 1.5% additional return for investments meeting certain criteria
- Mechanism in place to compensate of any under / over recovery of required revenues





Key features

Unitary tariffs are **set for the regulatory period** for each distribution area:

- Based on the approved business plans and allowed returns, and inflated annually: the DSO is entitled to collect (required) revenues based on all investments and operational costs
- Taking into consideration estimated growth in redelivery points and volumes distributed

Achieved revenues are based on actual bills collection but there is a **recoverable difference mechanism** in place

REQUIRED REVENUES =

RAB X Reg. WACC

+ DEPRECIATION

+ OPEX

- ADDITIONAL REVENUES

± RECOVERABLEDIFFERENCE

¹ Actual revenues are the revenues collected by the company based on the application of the distribution tariffs to the redelivery points served

RAB includes capex planned in the year

RAB is not inflated

Regulated return set at 7.03% in nominal terms for 2021-22E

Calculated on fixed assets

Estimated through the regulatory period

Opportunity of outperformance: no adjustments ex-post in case of outperformance

Planned revenues related to services to other companies or non-regulated services Based on the difference between required revenues and actual revenues¹ in the previous regulatory period

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